- 441.480 Use of a representative.
- 441.482 Permissible purchases.
- 441.484 Financial management services.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 1102 of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1302).

Source: 43 FR 45229, Sept. 29, 1978, unless otherwise noted.

#### §441.1 Purpose.

This part sets forth State plan requirements and limits on FFP for specific services defined in part 440 of this subchapter. Standards for payments for services provided in intermediate care facilities and skilled nursing facilities are set forth in part 442 of this subchapter.

### **Subpart A—General Provisions**

#### §441.10 Basis.

This subpart is based on the following sections of the Act which state requirements and limits on the services specified or provide Secretarial authority to prescribe regulations relating to services:

- (a) Section 1102 for end-stage renal disease (§ 441.40).
- (b) Section 1138(b) for organ procurement organization services (§ 441.13(c)).
- (c) Sections 1902(a)(10)(A) and 1905(a)(21) for nurse practitioner services (§ 441.22).
- (d) Sections 1902(a)(10)(D) and 1905(a)(7) for home health services (§ 441.15).
- (e) Section 1903(i)(1) for organ transplant procedures (§ 441.35).
- (f) Section 1903(i)(5) for certain prescribed drugs (§ 441.25).
- (g) Section 1903(i)(6) for prohibition (except in emergency situations) of FFP in expenditures for inpatient hospital tests that are not ordered by the attending physician or other licensed practitioner (§ 441.12).
- (h) Section 1903(i)(18) for the requirement that each home health agency provide the Medicaid agency with a surety bond (§ 441.16).
- (i) Section 1905(a)(4)(C) for family planning (§ 441.20).
- (j) Sections 1905 (a)(12) and (e) for optometric services (§ 441.30).
- (k) Section 1905(a)(17) for nurse-midwife services (§ 441.21).

- (1) Section 1905(a) (following (a)(24)) for prohibition of FFP in expenditures for certain services (§ 441.13).
- (m) Section 1905(a)(19) and 1915(g) of the Act for case management services as set forth in §441.18 and section 8435 of the Technical and Miscellaneous Revenue Act of 1988.

 $[60~{\rm FR}~19862,~{\rm Apr.}~21,~1995,~{\rm as~amended~at}~63~{\rm FR}~310,~{\rm Jan.}~5,~1998;~72~{\rm FR}~68092,~{\rm Dec.}~4,~2007]$ 

#### §441.11 Continuation of FFP for institutional services.

- (a) Basic conditions for continuation of FFP. FFP may be continued for up to 30 days after the effective date of termination or expiration of a provider agreement, if the following conditions are met:
- (1) The Medicaid payments are for recipients admitted to the facility before the effective date of termination or expiration.
- (2) The State agency is making reasonable efforts to transfer those recipients to other facilities or to alternate care.
- (b) When the 30-day period begins. The 30-day period begins on one of the following:
- (1) The effective date of termination of the facility's provider agreement by CMS:
- (2) The effective date of termination of the facility's Medicaid provider agreement by the Medicaid agency on its own volition; or
- (3) In the case of an ICF/MR, the later of—
- (i) The effective date of termination or nonrenewal of the facility's provider agreement by the Medicaid agency on its own volition; or
- (ii) The date of issuance of an administrative hearing decision that upholds the agency's termination or nonrenewal action.
- (c) Services for which FFP may be continued. FFP may be continued for any of the following services, as defined in subpart A of part 440 of this chapter:
  - (1) Inpatient hospital services.
- (2) Inpatient hospital services for individuals age 65 or older in an institution for mental diseases.
- (3) Nursing facility services for individuals age 21 or older.

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- (4) Nursing facility services for individuals age 65 or older in an institution for mental diseases.
- (5) Inpatient psychiatric services for individuals under age 21.
- (6) Nursing facility services for individuals under 21.
- (7) Intermediate care facility services for the mentally retarded.

[59 FR 56234, Nov. 10, 1994]

#### § 441.12 Inpatient hospital tests.

Except in an emergency situation (see §440.170(e)(1) of this chapter for definition), FFP is not available in expenditures for inpatient hospital tests unless the tests are specifically ordered by the attending physician or other licensed practitioner, acting within the scope of practice as defined under State law, who is responsible for the diagnosis or treatment of a particular patient's condition.

 $[46~{\rm FR}~48554,\,{\rm Oct.}~1,\,1981]$ 

## § 441.13 Prohibitions on FFP: Institutionalized individuals.

- (a) FFP is not available in expenditures for services for—
- (1) Any individual who is in a public institution, as defined in §435.1010 of this chapter; or
- (2) Any individual who is under age 65 and is in an institution for mental diseases, except an individual who is under age 22 and receiving inpatient psychiatric services under subpart D of this part.
- (b) With the exception of active treatment services (as defined in §483.440(a) of this chapter for residents of ICFs/MR and in §441.154 for individuals under age 21 receiving inpatient psychiatric services), payments to institutions for the mentally retarded or persons with related conditions and to psychiatric facilities or programs providing inpatient psychiatric services to individuals under age 21 may not include reimbursement for formal educational services or for vocational services. Formal educational services relate to training in traditional academic subjects. Subject matter rather than setting, time of day, or class size determines whether a service is educational. Traditional academic subjects include, but are not limited to,

science, history, literature, foreign languages, and mathematics. Vocational services relate to organized programs that are directly related to the preparation of individuals for paid or unpaid employment. An example of vocational services is time-limited vocational training provided as a part of a regularly scheduled class available to the general public.

(c) FFP is not available in expenditures for services furnished by an organ procurement organization on or after April 1, 1988, that does not meet the requirements of part 486 subpart G of this chapter.

[43 FR 45229, Sept. 29, 1978, as amended at 51 FR 22041, June 17, 1986; 53 FR 6549, Mar. 1, 1988; 57 FR 54709, Nov. 20, 1992; 71 FR 31046, May 31, 2006; 71 FR 39229, July 12, 2006]

#### §441.15 Home health services.

With respect to the services defined in §440.70 of this subchapter, a State plan must provide that—

- (a) Home health services include, as a minimum—
  - (1) Nursing services;
  - (2) Home health aide services; and
- (3) Medical supplies, equipment, and appliances.
- (b) The agency provides home health services to—
- (1) Categorically needy recipients age 21 or over:
- (2) Categorically needy recipients under age 21, if the plan provides skilled nursing facility services for them; individuals; and
- (3) Medically needy recipients to whom skilled nursing facility services are provided under the plan.
- (c) The eligibility of a recipient to receive home health services does not depend on his need for or discharge from institutional care.
- (d) The agency providing home health services meets the capitalization requirements included in §489.28 of this chapter.

[43 FR 45229, Sept. 29, 1978, as amended at 45 FR 24889, Apr. 11, 1980; 63 FR 310, Jan. 5, 1998]

# § 441.16 Home health agency requirements for surety bonds; Prohibition on FFP.

(a) Definitions. As used in this section, unless the context indicates otherwise—